

Mathematical Logic II — Assignment 1

Due: Monday, October 25, 12:00

Exercise 1

4 Points

Show that in any model (\mathbb{S}, \in) of any axiom system of set theory, the class of those sets x that do not have any element y with $x \in y$ is a proper class (not a set). What about the case where $\mathbb{S} = \{\emptyset\}$?

Exercise 2

$(2 + 2) + (2 + 4)$ Points

Recall the definition of hereditary finite sets: $\text{HF}_0 = \emptyset$ and $\text{HF}_{n+1} = \{x \mid x \subseteq \text{HF}_n\}$.

- (a) Prove the following properties of hereditary finite sets.
- (i) $\text{HF}_n \subseteq \text{HF}_{n+1}$ and $\text{HF}_n \in \text{HF}_{n+1}$
 - (ii) HF_n has finitely many elements.
- (b) Consider the graph $\mathcal{G} = (\text{HF}, E)$ with $E = \{(x, y) \mid x \in y \text{ or } y \in x\}$.
- (i) What is the diameter of \mathcal{G} ?
 - (ii) Show that for all pairwise different $a_1, \dots, a_n, b_1, \dots, b_m \in \text{HF}$ there exists a $z \in \text{HF}$ that is connected with all a_1, \dots, a_n , but with no b_1, \dots, b_m via an edge in \mathcal{G} .

Exercise 3

$1 + (1 + 1) + 4$ Points

- (a) Recall the definition of the sets $[n]$ representing natural numbers: $[0] = \emptyset$, $[n + 1] = \{[0], \dots, [n]\}$. Write the natural number $[4]$ in the set notation (using symbols $\{, \}$, \emptyset and commas).
- (b) A set x is *transitive* if for all $y \in x$ we have $y \subseteq x$.
- (i) Prove or disprove that a set x is transitive if and only if for all $y \in x$ and all $z \in y$ we have $z \in x$.
 - (ii) Prove or disprove that the relation \in on a transitive set is transitive in the usual sense.
- (c) Show that every natural number is transitive. Show further that \in is transitive on every natural number and on the set of natural numbers.

Exercise 4*

7* Points

Show that a set is hereditary finite if and only if its transitive closure is finite.