Lehr- und Forschungsgebiet Mathematische Grundlagen der Informatik RWTH Aachen Prof. Dr. E. Grädel, W. Pakusa, F. Reinhardt, M. Voit

## Algorithmic Model Theory — Assignment 11

Due: Friday, 9 July, 13:00

*Remark:* Structures are finite and graphs are undirected in this exercise.

## Exercise 1

Prove or disprove that the following classes are  $L^{\omega}_{\infty\omega}$ -definable (over the appropriate signatures).

- (a) the class of all connected graphs,
- (b) the class of all graphs with an odd number of edges,
- (c) the class of all cyclic groups,
- (d) for every  $P \subseteq \mathbb{N}$ , the class of all linear orderings (A, <) such that  $|A| \in P$ ,
- (e) the class of all structures (A, P) (with a monadic predicate P) such that  $|P| \ge |A|/2$ ,
- (f) the class consisting of all pairs  $((V, E, <_G), (W, F, <_H))$  of ordered graphs  $G = (V, E, <_G)$ and  $H = (W, F, <_H)$  such that G is isomorphic to H (as ordered graphs). Before you solve this part of the exercise, explain how you would encode such pairs of ordered graphs as usual relational structures.

## Exercise 2

Construct IFP-formulas which define in a rooted tree  $\mathcal{T} = (V, E, r)$ , where r denotes its root, the following relations.

- (a)  $R_1 = \{(x, y) : \text{the subtrees rooted in } x \text{ and } y \text{ have the same height} \}$
- (b)  $R_2 = \{(x, y) : \text{the nodes } x \text{ and } y \text{ are on the same level of the tree} \}$
- (c)  $R_3 = \{x : \text{the subtree rooted in } x \text{ has a perfect matching}\}.$

## Exercise 3

- (a) Let  $\mathcal{K}$  be a class of finite structures. We say that  $\mathcal{K}$  is *fixed-point bounded* if for every firstorder formula  $\varphi(X, \bar{x})$  (positive in X and the arity of X coincides with the length of  $\bar{x}$ ) there is a constant  $m_{\varphi}$  such that for all structures  $\mathfrak{A} \in \mathcal{K}$  the inductive construction for the least fixed point of the monotone operator  $F_{\varphi}^{\mathfrak{A}}$  defined by  $\varphi$  on  $\mathfrak{A}$  reaches the least fixed point after at most  $m_{\varphi}$  many steps (the closure ordinal is  $\leq m_{\varphi}$ ). Show that LFP  $\equiv$  FO over every fixed-point bounded class of structures  $\mathcal{K}$ .
- (b) Show that  $LFP \equiv FO$  over the class of all complete graphs.

*Hint:* Make use of (a) and the fact that complete graphs have the symmetric group as automorphism group.

http://logic.rwth-aachen.de/Teaching/AMT-SS16/